

# HORSE



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# ***INTRODUCTION***



***Have you ever seen a horse? Have you ever rode on a horse? Would you like to know more about horses?***

# INTRODUCTION

- *There are 65 million horses in the world , 200 breeds . horses used to be used for work. Now they are used ride & show.*



# PHISICAL DESCRIPTION

- Horses have 4 legs, a mane & a tail. Usually horses are brown, black, gray, or white. Horse babies look the same from their parents.



# ACTION



- The horse does not hibernate. The horse does not migrate. Horses can walk, run, gallop, and trot. They can accelerate (go faster) very quickly. They can move faster than most animals that live in herds. (groups) If a horse is sick or hurt, the other horses will protect it. Wild horses live in family groups. Baby horses can stand up to 15 minutes after they're born.

# HORSE FOOD

- Horse grazes which means they eat grass. You can give a horse oats for more energy. Horse is herbivore.



# HABITAT

- Horse lives in grasslands & horse live in farm. Horses live in Africa, Asia, North America & Europe.



# Structural adaptations

- Horses' hooves, tail, and teeth are made from eating plants. Horses' eyes are on the side of their head, so they can watch out for predators.



# Horses and their relatives

- There is a wide range of different types of horses and breeds of horses. Horses and people have lived and worked together since between 3,000 B.C. and 2,000 B.C. Horses are strong, fast, and large. Horses are members of the equid animal family.



# OTHER INTERESTING FACTS

- Horses babies are called foals.



# Conclusion

- Horses are truly splendid creatures. They are quick and intelligent, as well as a valuable resource for people

